## FOI 7609 - NHS Pain Education Surgery Division

This information is being requested as a freedom of information request. We are trying to find out what education is taking place in the workplace for staff who work directly with patients. Although this form is several pages long it should take less than 10 minutes to complete.

Section 1	
1. Name of your organisation	Salisbury NHS Foundation Trust (Surgery Division)
2. Do you provide education for your healthcare staff about pain management? (Delete as appropriate – if NO please do not continue with the form)	Yes

## Section 2

## 3. Who do you deliver pain education to?

The following section is divided into staff groupings. Please add a cross in the relevant box to indicate who you provide pain management education to at least annually.

	Mandatory	Optional	Mandatory for some but not all	Not provided	Not a staff group in this organisation
Band 3 support worker (nursing or midwifery)		X			J
Nurses	Х	Х	X		
Midwives	X				
Health visitors	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
FY1/FY2	X	X			
ST1/CT1		Х			
ST2/CT2		X			
ST3-6		X			
Consultant		X			
Support worker		X			
(therapy)					
Physiotherapists		X			
Occupational		X			
therapists					
Speech and		X			
language					
therapists					
Dieticians		Х			
Art therapists		X			
Counselling team		X			
Social workers		X			

		T.			1
Dieticians		X			
Chaplaincy		X			
Psychologists		X			
Pharmacists		Χ			
Radiography and		X			
imaging team					
Others (please lis	t) X - Medica	al			
	Students				
	We provid	de acute pain tra	aining for all gra	ades of anaes	sthetist &
	•	care medicine	-		
4 What ner		ch of the following			east one nain
=	_	ast 12 months.	ing stair groups	atterium at i	east one pain
					Unable to
Support workers	(Hursing and H	nawnery)			1
Nurses					say as we
Doctors					do not keep
AHPs					this
Other (please list	)				information.
5. Who deliv	ers pain educ	ation in your or	ganisation?		
The Acute Pain Te	eam & Consult	ant Julie Onslow			
6. What met	thods do you u	ise to deliver pa	in education to	staff?	
	Face to face	Online –	Online –	Both F2F	Method not
		asynchronous	synchronous	and online,	used.
				participant	
				chooses	
Classroom or	X				
lecture theatre					
(LT) -lecture					
(didactic)					
Classroom or LT	Х				
discussion/Q&A					
Case study	Χ				
presentation					
and discussion					
	Video of past				
teaching					
coccione					
sessions					
Video of expert					
Video of expert giving lecture					
Video of expert giving lecture or being					
Video of expert giving lecture or being interviewed					
Video of expert giving lecture or being interviewed Simulation lab-					
Video of expert giving lecture or being interviewed Simulation labmanagement of					
Video of expert giving lecture or being interviewed Simulation lab-					

Skills	V			=
	X			
demonstration				
e.g. injections				
Supervised				
skills practice				
Role play				
Supervision in	Х			
clinical area				
(supervised				
practice)				
Specialist				
embedded in				
the ward –				
work alongside				
One to one	X	 		
coaching on				
request				
Pain ward	Χ			
rounds include				
ward staff				
Posters in the	Х			
clinical area				
Pocket guides				
Dashboard				
messaging				
Audit feedback				
Intranet	Х			
guidelines				
Smartphone or				
арр				
Guidance pop-	Х			
ups in				
electronic				
patient				
management				
or prescribing				
system				
Ask the expert				
sessions				
WhatsApp				
discussion				
groups				
Pain meetings	Х			
in clinical areas	•			
Schwarz rounds				
QI programmes				
Qi piogiaililles			<u> </u>	

	If you have a violated beauting an income at a good of your pain as a good
7.	If you have a virtual learning environment as part of your pain management
	education please describe what methods are used (e.g. case studies, narrated powerpoints, quizzes, reading materials)
N/A	power points, quizzes, reading materials)
	Are there any other methods that you use?
N/A	The there any other methods that you use.
	Content of pain education.
	The EFIC core curriculum contains seven domains. Please indicate which aspects
	of the curricula you include in your pain education all or some of the time.
Х	Pain as a biopsychosocial phenomenon impact on the individual and their
	family/carers showing understanding of the cognitive, sensory and affective
	dimensions
Х	The impact of pain on the patient and their family/carers
Х	Pain as a multidimensional phenomenon with cognitive, sensory, and affective
	dimensions
Χ	The individual nature of pain and the factors contributing to the
	person's understanding, experience and expression
	Understand the importance of social roles, school/ work, occupational factors,
	finances, housing and recreational/leisure activities in relation to the patients'
	pain
	The importance of working in partnership with and advocating for patients
	and their families,
Х	Promoting independence and self-management where appropriate
	Prevalence of acute, chronic/persistent and cancer-related pain and the impact
	on healthcare and society
Х	The characteristics and underlying mechanisms of nociceptive pain,
	inflammation, neuropathic pain, referred pain, phantom limb pain and explain
	nociplastic pain syndromes
	The distinction between nociception and pain, including nociceptive,
	neuropathic and nociplastic pain
	Mechanisms of transduction, transmission, perception and modulation in
	nociceptive pathways
	The relationship between peripheral/central sensitization and
	primary/secondary hyperalgesia
	Mechanisms involved in the transition from acute to chronic/ persistent pain
	and how effective management can reduce this risk
	The changes that occur in the brain during chronic/persistent pain and their
	possible impact (including cognition, memory and mood) and cognitive-
X	behavioural explanations such as fear-avoidance  The overlap between chronic/persistent pain and common so morbidities
^	The overlap between chronic/persistent pain and common co-morbidities,
	including stress, sleep, mood, depression and anxiety  The mechanisms underlying placebo and peceho responses, and their relation.
	The mechanisms underlying placebo and nocebo responses, and their relation
	to context, learning, genetics, expectations, beliefs and learning  The role of genetics and enigenetic mechanisms in relation to risk of
	The role of genetics and epigenetic mechanisms in relation to risk of
	developing chronic/persistent pain and pharmacotherapy

Х	The importance of interprofessional working in pain management along with potential barriers and facilitators to team-based care
Х	How to work respectfully and in partnership with patients, families/ carers,
^	healthcare team members and agencies, to improve patient outcomes
Х	Team working skills (communication, negotiation, problem solving, decision-
	making, conflict management)
Х	The professional perspectives, skills, goals and priorities of all team members
X	How to take a comprehensive pain history, an assessment of the patient across
^	the lifespan and in care planning, consider social, psychological, and biological
	components of the pain condition
Х	Person-centred care including how the following may influence the
^	experience of illness, pain, pain assessment and treatment: Social factors,
	Cultural factors, Language, Psychological factors, Physical activity, Age, Health
	literacy, Values and beliefs, Traditional medical practices, Patients' and families'
	wishes, motivations, goals, and strengths
Х	Patients' and families' different responses to the experience of pain and illness
	including affective, cognitive, and behavioural responses
Х	The rationale for self-report of pain and the understand in which cases nurse-
	led ratings are necessary
Х	At risk individuals for under-treatment of their pain (e.g., individuals who are
	unable to self-report pain, neonates, cognitively impaired) and how to
	mitigate against this.
Х	Using different assessment tools in different situations, using a person-centred
	approach
Х	Valid, reliable and sensitive pain-assessment tools to assess pain at rest and on
	movement; tools that are appropriate to the needs of the patient and the
	demands of the care situation
	Culturally sensitive and appropriate pain assessment for individuals who speak
	a different language to the language spoken by the healthcare professionals
	Understand the rationale behind basic investigations in relation to serious
	pathology
Х	What specialist assessment is, when it is needed, and how to refer.
Х	Importance of accurate documentation
Х	Assessment of pain coping skills and pain behaviours
	Health promotion and self-management
X	Importance of non-pharmacological management
	How to work with patients to develop goals for treatment
	Evidence based complementary therapies for pain management (e.g.
	acupuncture, reflexology)
Х	Physical pain management strategies (e.g. exercise, stretching, pacing,
	comfort, positioning, massage, manual therapies, heat/cold, hydrotherapy).
Х	Psychological pain management strategies (e.g. distraction, relaxation, stress
	management, patient and family education, counselling, health promotion and
	self-management).

	Evidence based behavioural therapies (e.g. CBT, mindfulness, acceptance and commitment, couple/family therapy, hypnosis/guided imagery, biofeedback)
	Electrotherapies (e.g. TENS, spinal cord stimulation)
Х	Types of analgesics and potential combinations (non-opioids, opioids, antidepressants, anticonvulsants, local anaesthetics)
Χ	Routes of delivery
X	Risks and benefits of various routes and methods of delivery (PCA, Epidural, Nerve blocks, Plexus blocks).
Χ	Onset, peak effect, duration of effect.
Χ	Adverse events and management of these
Χ	Which drugs are appropriate to particular conditions and contexts
Χ	Side effects, detecting, limiting and managing these.
Χ	Long-term opioid use risks and benefits
Х	Risk of addiction in different patient groups (e.g. post-operative management, chronic pain management)
Χ	Addiction risk factors
	Identification of aberrant drug use
Χ	Tapering opioid therapy
Х	Preparation for discharge and ongoing pain management
1	0. Do you include anything else in your pain education that has not been
	captured so far?
N/A	
1	1. Is there anything else that you would like to tell us about?
N/A	

Thank you for taking the time to provide this information. If you would like a copy of the final report please provide your email address and name below.